## MEMORANDUM

DATE:	June 29, 2010
SUBJECT:	Control Costs for Existing Stationary SI RICE
FROM:	Bradley Nelson, EC/R, Inc.
TO:	Melanie King, EPA OAQPS/SPPD/ESG

#### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this memorandum is to present information on the costs of control technology options for reducing hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emissions from existing stationary spark ignition (SI) reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE). The memorandum will look at the cost of retrofitting control technology on existing engines. This information will be used to determine national impacts associated with the final rule.

#### 2.0 INTRODUCTION

EPA has determined that oxidation catalysts for two-stroke lean burn (2SLB) and fourstroke lean burn (4SLB) engines, and non-selective catalytic reduction (NSCR) for four-stroke rich burn (4SRB) engines are applicable controls for HAP reduction from existing stationary SI RICE. To determine the capital and annual costs for these control technologies, equipment cost information was obtained from industry groups<sup>1</sup> and vendors and manufacturers of SI engine control technology. In some cases, the industry groups provided a breakdown of the capital and annual cost components for each of the retrofit options. Using this cost data, annualized cost and capital cost equations for oxidation catalysts and NSCR were developed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (RICE NESHAP) Proposed Revisions – Emission Control Costs Analysis Background for "Above the Floor" Emission Controls for Natural Gas-Fired RICE, Innovative Environmental Solutions Inc., October 2009. (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279).

## 3.0 CONTROL COST METHODOLOGY

The following sections describe the methodology used to derive the total capital and total annual costs for each of the control technology options. These methodologies were used to calculate total capital and total annual costs when only purchased equipment costs were available (e.g., vendor equipment costs). The methodologies were not used for cost data provided by industry groups because they included a breakdown of the actual total capital and total annual costs. A summary of the methodologies, equations, and assumptions used to estimate the total capital and total annual costs for some of the costs data are described in the following sections.

#### 3.1 Total Capital Costs

The total capital cost includes the direct and indirect costs of purchasing and installing the control equipment. The direct cost includes the cost of purchasing the equipment and instrumentation, cost of shipping, and the cost of installing the control equipment. The indirect cost includes the costs for engineering, contractor fees, testing costs, and also includes costs for contingencies, such as additional modifications, or delays in startup. The total capital cost equation can be summarized as follows:

Total Capital Cost (TCC) = Direct Costs (DC) + Indirect Costs (IC)

The direct costs include the costs of purchasing and installing the control equipment and can be summarized using the following equation;

DC = Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC) + Direct Installation Costs (DIC).

A summary of the cost assumptions for PEC includes the following:

- Control Device and Auxiliary Equipment (EC);
- Instrumentation (10% of EC);
- Sales Tax (3% of EC);
- Freight (5% of EC);

and can be summarized as:

PEC = 118% EC.

A summary of the cost assumptions for DIC includes the following:

- Foundations and Supports (8% of PEC);
- Handling and Erection (14% of PEC);
- Electrical (4% of PEC);
- Piping (2% of PEC);
- Insulation for Ductwork (1% of PEC);

- Painting (1% of PEC);

and can be summarized as:

DIC = 30% PEC = 0.3 PEC.

Therefore, the direct costs can be simplified using the following equation:

DC = PEC + 0.3 PEC = 1.3 PEC.

The indirect costs include the costs of engineering and contractor fees and contingencies and can be summarized using the following equation:

IC = Indirect Installation Costs (ICC) + Contingencies (C).

A summary of the cost assumptions for ICC includes the following:

- Engineering (10% of PEC);
- Construction and Field Expenses (5% of PEC);
- Contractor Fees (10% of PEC);
- Startup (2% of PEC);
- Performance Test (1% of PEC);

and can be summarized as:

IIC = 28% PEC = 0.28 PEC.

A summary of the cost assumptions for C includes the following:

- Equipment Redesign and Modifications;

- Cost Escalations;

- Delays in Startup;

and is assumed to be:

C = 3% PEC = 0.03 PEC.

Therefore, the IC can be summarized using the following equation:

IC = 0.28 PEC + 0.03 PEC = 0.31 PEC,

and the simplified TCC equation can be expressed as:

TCC = 1.3 PEC + 0.31 PEC = 1.61 PEC = 1.61 (1.18 EC) = 1.9 EC

## 3.2 Total Annual Costs

The total annual cost includes the direct and indirect annual costs of operating and maintaining the control equipment. The direct annual cost includes the cost of the utilities, operating labor, and control device cleaning and maintenance. The indirect annual cost includes the overhead costs such as spare parts for the control equipment, administrative charges, and the capital recovery of the control technology. The total annual cost equation can be summarized as follows:

Total Annual Cost (TAC) = Direct Annual Costs (DAC) + Indirect Annual Costs (IAC).

The DAC includes the following parameters:

- Utilities;
- Operating Labor;
- Maintenance;
- Annual Compliance Test;
- Catalyst Cleaning;
- Catalyst Replacement;
- Catalyst Disposal.

The IAC includes the following parameters:

- Overhead;
- Fuel Penalty;
- Property Tax;
- Insurance;
- Administrative Charges;

- Capital Recovery =  $\{I(1+I)^n/((1+I)^n-1)*TCC\}$  where I is the interest rate, and n is the equipment life.

To calculate DAC, the costs were broken up into three separate costs: operation and maintenance materials cost, operation and maintenance labor cost, and the cost for annual performance testing or downtime or allowance for catalyst washing. Actual annual cost data from the industry groups were used to estimate the DAC for each of the control technologies. The IAC was broken up into three separate costs: administrative, fuel penalty, and capital recovery. Again, cost data from the industry groups was used to estimate these costs for each of the control technologies. No fuel penalty was estimated for the oxidation catalyst control technologies, because this control technology does not increase the fuel usage of the SI engine.

#### 4.0 CONTROL COST EQUATIONS

Control cost equations were developed for 2SLB oxidation catalyst, 4SLB oxidation catalyst, and a NSCR for 4SRB engines using the total capital cost and total annual cost data for each control technology. Control cost equations for 2SLB and 4SLB oxidation catalysts were developed separately because the 2SLB oxidation catalyst requires a premium catalyst to reduce the HAP compounds because of the low exhaust temperature of 2SLB engines.

#### 4.1 2SLB Oxidation Catalyst

The 2SLB oxidation catalyst is an effective control technology that reduces HAP emissions from a 2SLB SI engine by oxidizing organic compounds using a catalyst. The oxidation catalyst unit contains a honeycomb-like structure or substrate with a large surface area that is coated with a premium active catalyst layer, such as, platinum or palladium. The oxidation catalyst works by oxidizing carbon monoxide (CO) and gaseous hydrocarbons (HAP) in the exhaust gas to carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) and water. The reduction of CO and HAP varies depending on the type of catalyst used and the exhaust temperature of the pollutant stream.

The cost of retrofitting an oxidation catalyst to an existing 2SLB engine was estimated using cost data obtained from vendors and industry groups covering engines ranging from 58 horsepower (HP) to 4,670 HP. An equipment life of 10 years and an interest rate of 7 percent were used to estimate the capital recovery of the control technology and the fuel penalty was assumed to be negligible. The cost equations are presented in 2009 dollars.

The total annualized cost equation for retrofitting an oxidation catalyst on a 2SLB engine was estimated to be:

2SLB Oxidation Catalyst Total Annual Cost = \$11.4 x HP + \$13,928

where;

HP = engine size in HP.

The linear equation has a correlation coefficient of 0.8046, which shows the data fits the equation closely. Therefore, this equation was used to estimate annualized cost for an oxidation catalyst on a 2SLB engine.

The total capital cost equation for retrofitting an oxidation catalyst on a 2SLB engine was estimated to be:

2SLB Oxidation Catalyst Total Capital Cost = \$47.1 x HP + \$41,603

where;

HP = engine size in HP.

A summary of the cost calculations, regression analyses, and graphical representations of the annual and capital cost data are presented in Appendix A.

## 4.2 4SLB Oxidation Catalyst

The 4SLB oxidation catalyst is an effective control technology that reduces HAP emissions from a 4SLB SI engine by oxidizing organic compounds using a catalyst. The oxidation catalyst unit contains a honeycomb-like structure or substrate with a large surface area that is coated with a premium active catalyst layer, such as, platinum or palladium. The oxidation catalyst works by oxidizing CO and gaseous hydrocarbons (HAP) in the exhaust gas to  $CO_2$  and water. The reductions of CO and HAP vary depending on the type of catalyst used and the exhaust temperature of the pollutant stream.

The cost of retrofitting an oxidation catalyst to an existing 4SLB engine was estimated using cost data obtained from vendors and industry groups covering engines ranging from 400 HP to 8,000 HP. Again, an equipment life of 10 years and an interest rate of 7 percent were used to estimate the capital recovery of the control technology and the fuel penalty was assumed to be negligible. The cost equations are presented in 2009 dollars.

The total annualized cost equation for retrofitting an oxidation catalyst on a 4SLB engine was estimated to be:

where;

HP = engine size in HP.

The linear equation has a correlation coefficient of 0.9779, which shows the data fits the equation very closely. Therefore, this equation was used to estimate annualized cost for an oxidation catalyst on a 4SLB engine.

The total capital cost equation for retrofitting an oxidation catalyst on a 4SLB SI engine was estimated to be:

4SLB Oxidation Catalyst Total Capital Cost = \$12.8 x HP + \$3,069

where;

HP = engine size in HP.

A summary of the cost calculations, regression analyses, and graphical representations of the annual and capital cost data are presented in Appendix A.

#### 4.3 Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction

The NSCR or three-way catalyst is used to control HAP emissions from 4SRB engines. In addition to HAP reductions, NSCR also reduces the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), CO, and other hydrocarbons (HC). The reduction of HAP and CO takes place through an oxidation reaction that converts HAP to CO<sub>2</sub> and water and converts CO to CO<sub>2</sub>. The conversion of NO<sub>x</sub> takes place through a reduction of the NO<sub>x</sub> to nitrogen gas and oxygen.

The cost of retrofitting an NSCR on an existing 4SRB engine was estimated based on cost data received from vendors and industry groups. A linear regression analysis was done on the data set and the linear equation for annualized cost was;

NSCR Annual Cost = \$4.77 x HP + \$5,679

where;

HP = engine size in HP.

The linear equation has a correlation coefficient of 0.7987, which shows an acceptable representation of the cost data. Therefore, this equation was used to estimate annualized cost for retrofitting the NSCR control technology on 4SRB engines.

The capital cost equation for retrofitting an air-to-fuel ratio (AFR) controller and NSCR on a 4SRB engine was estimated to be:

NSCR Capital Cost =  $$24.9 \times HP + $13,118$ 

where;

HP = engine size in HP.

A summary of the cost calculations, regression analyses, and graphical representations of the annual and capital cost data are presented in Appendix A.

# 5.0 SUMMARY

The following table presents a summary of the annual and capital control costs as a function of engine size for the control technologies applicable to existing stationary SI engines, as discussed in this memorandum.

HAP Control Device	Annual Cost (\$2009)	Capital Cost (\$2009)
2SLB Oxidation Catalyst	\$11.4 x HP + \$13,928	\$47.1 x HP + \$41,603
4SLB Oxidation Catalyst	\$1.81 x HP + \$3,442	\$12.8 x HP + \$3,069
NSCR	\$4.77 x HP + \$5,679	\$24.9 x HP + \$13,118

# Table 1. Summary of Annual and Capital Costs Equations for Existing Stationary SI Engines

#### 6.0 References

Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment N (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279).

Email from Bruce Chrisman, Cameron's Compression Systems to Tanya Parise, EC/R, Subject: Existing RICE NESHAP - Information for EPA for 2SLB Engines, October 16, 2009.

Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 2SLB - Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009.

Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Comments on the Proposed Revisions to the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, June 2, 2009, Case Study (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0186).

Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR-2005-0030-0086).

Email from Antonio Santos, MECA to Tanya Parise, EC/R, Subject: EPA Proposed Existing RICE NESHAP - Cost of Aftertreatment, October 2, 2009. Response #2.

Price quote from Charles Ball, Emissions & Silencer Technology for an oxidation catalyst for a 500 HP 4SLB engine.

Memorandum from Tom McGrath, IES to Brad Nelson, EC/R, Request for Additional Cost Detail for Gas-Fired Engines Emission Controls, April 19, 2010.

Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279).

Email from Nick Huff, Miratech to Jennifer Synder, AGTI, SCR Questions for RICE MACT, October 23, 2003 (EPA-HQ-OAR-2005-0029-0038).

Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech to Brad Nelson, AGTI, Information Request, July 21, 2005 (EPA-HQ-OAR-2005-0030-0087).

Four Corners Air Quality Task Force Report of Mitigation Options, November 1, 2007. Mitigation Option: Use of NSCR/3-Way Catalysts and Air/Fuel Ratio Controllers on Rich Burn Stoichiometric Engines (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0009). Appendix A

**Control Cost Summary and Linear Regression Statistics** 

		Direct (			Casha		-	line at Am. 1.C			In dia and	nual Costs			
		Direct C	Costs	Indirec	Costs		D	irect Annual Cos	ts Total Direct	Administrative	Indirect Ar	inual Costs	Total Indirect		
Engine Size (HP)	Equipment Cost	PEC	DIC	IIC	с	Total Capital Cost	O&M Materials	O&M Labor	Annual Cost (TDAC)	Charges (ADMC)	Fuel Penalty (FPC)	Capital Recovery (CRC)	Annual Cost (TIAC)	Total Annual Cost	Data Source
															Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above to
296	\$24,987	\$29,485	\$8,845	\$8,256	\$885	\$47,470	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$6,759	\$6,984	\$15,817	Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment N (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708
															Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above t
192	\$24,987	\$29,485	\$8,845	\$8,256	\$885	\$47,470	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$6,759	\$6,759	\$15,592	Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment N (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708
															Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above t
384	\$30,409	\$35,883	\$10,765	\$10,047	\$1,076	\$57,771	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$8,225	\$8,225	\$17,058	Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment N (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-070
															Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above t
800	\$50,901	\$60,063	\$18,019	\$16,818	\$1,802	\$96,702	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$13,768	\$13,768	\$22,601	Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment N (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-070
															Email from Bruce Chrisman, Cameron's Compression Systems to Tany. Parise, EC/R, Subject: Existing RICE NESHAP - Information for EPA for 2
58	\$12,191	\$14,385	\$4,316	\$4,028	\$432	\$23,160	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$3,298	\$3,298	\$12,131	Engines, October 16, 2009
	+/	+= 1,000	÷ 1/0=0	÷ ./s=s	1.0-	+==/===	<i><b></b></i>	10.0	<i>+ 0/000</i>	+		+ = / = = =	+=/===	+/	Email from Bruce Chrisman, Cameron's Compression Systems to Tany
															Parise, EC/R, Subject: Existing RICE NESHAP - Information for EPA for 2
600	\$51,378	\$60,626	\$18,188	\$16,975	\$1,819	\$97,608	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$13,897	\$14,122	\$22,955	Engines, October 16, 2009
148	\$14,589	\$17,215	\$5,165	\$4,820	\$516	\$27,716	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$3,946	\$4,171	\$13.004	Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 25 Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009
															Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 2
296	\$22,123	\$26,105	\$7,832	\$7,309	\$783	\$42,029	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$5,984	\$6,209	\$15,042	Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009
192	\$14,589	\$17,215	\$5,165	\$4,820	\$516	\$27,716	Ś7.958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$3.946	\$4.171	\$12.00 <i>4</i>	Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 2: Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009
192	\$14,585	\$17,215	\$5,105	\$4,820	\$510	\$27,710	\$7,558	,875	\$8,855	Ş223	ŞŪ	\$3,940	Ş4,171	\$13,004	Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 2
384	\$22,123	\$26,105	\$7,832	\$7,309	\$783	\$42,029	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$5,984	\$6,209	\$15,042	Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009
600	¢20.400	625 002	¢10.705	¢10.047	ć1 07C	657 774	67.0F0	ć075	ć0,022	ć po s	\$0	ć0.225	ć0.450	ć 17 202	Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 2
600	\$30,409	\$35,883	\$10,765	\$10,047	\$1,076	\$57,771	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	ŞU	\$8,225	\$8,450	\$17,283	Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009 Email from James Harrison, Exterran to Melanie King, EPA, Subject: 2
800	\$37,871	\$44,688	\$13,406	\$12,513	\$1,341	\$71,947	\$7,958	\$875	\$8,833	\$225	\$0	\$10,244	\$10,469	\$19,302	Cameron oxidation catalyst pricing, October 20, 2009
															Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Comments on the Proposed Revisio
															the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for
															Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, June 2, 2009, Case Study HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0186). Cost is for installation on a Clark TLAD-8
3850						\$210,000			\$25,000	\$225	\$0	\$29.899	\$30,124	\$55.124	gas compressor engine.
5656						<i>Q</i> 210,000			<i>\$25,000</i>	<i>\</i> 223	ψŪ	<i>\$23,033</i>	<i>\$50,12</i>	<i>\$33,121</i>	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Comments on the Proposed Revisio
															the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for
															Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, June 2, 2009, Case Study
4670						\$210.000			\$25,000	\$225	\$0	\$29.899	\$30,124	CEE 134	HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0186). Cost is for installation on a Cooper Bess 2SLB gas compressor engine.
4070						\$210,000			\$25,000	\$225	<b>Ş</b> U	\$29,899	\$50,124	\$55,124	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Comments on the Proposed Revisio
															the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for
															Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, June 2, 2009, Case Study
															HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0186). Cost is for installation on a MEP 2SLB ga
2166						\$210,000			\$25,000	\$225	\$0	\$29,899	\$30,124	\$55,124	compressor engine.
															Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Comments on the Proposed Revisio the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for
															Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, June 2, 2009, Case Study
															HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0186). Cost is for installation on a MEP 2SLB ga
1859						\$210,000			\$25,000	\$225	\$0	\$29,899	\$30,124	\$55,124	compressor engine.
umptions:															
	urchased equipm														
	chased equipme														
	chased equipmen sed equipment o														
	assumes equip		ars and 7% inte	rost rato	0.142377503										

0&M Labor cost covers the annualized labor cost to replace and rotate (for cleaning) catalyst, thermocouples, and crankcase filter. [Source: Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment N (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)]

2SLB Oxidation C	Catalyst Cost (\$2	009)						
SUMMARY OUTPU	UT - Capital Cos	t					Total Canital Cast	
Regression	Ctatistics						Total Capital Cost	
Multiple R	0.887931512						\$300,000	
	0.788422369							
R Square							\$250,000	
								•
Standard Error	34869.66159						\$200,000	
Observations	16						\$150,000	
ANOVA	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F		\$100,000 y = 47.051x + 41603 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.7884	
Regression	, ,	63432625775		52.16956604	4.40556E-06			
Residual		17022506190	1215893299	52.10550004			\$50,000	
Total		80455131965	1213033233				\$0 +	
	10	00100101000						5000
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	0 1000 2000 3000 4000	5000
Intercept	41602.60574	11206.04006	3.712516244	0.002319141	17568.04028	65637.1712	<ul> <li>Total Capital Cost —— Linear (Total Capital Cost)</li> </ul>	
X Variable 1	47.0511302	6.514205394	7.222850271	4.40556E-06	33.07954923	61.02271117		
SUMMARY OUTPU	UT - Annual Cos	t						
							Total Annual Cost	
Regression							\$80,000	
Multiple R	0.896978958							
R Square	0.804571251						\$70,000	
							\$60,000	
Standard Error	8009.912446						\$50,000	
Observations	16							
							\$40,000	
ANOVA				_			\$30,000 y = 11.36x + 13928	
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F		\$20,000 y = 11.38x + 13928 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.8046	
Regression	1		3697938056	57.63736182	2.5054E-06		\$10,000	
Residual	14	898221763.5	64158697.39					
Total	15	4596159819					\$0 <del> </del>	
							0 1000 2000 3000 4000	5000
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Unner 95%	0 1000 2000 3000 4000	5000
Intercept	<i>Coefficients</i> 13928.11988	Standard Error 2574.140259	t Stat 5.410785147	<i>P-value</i> 9.1811E-05	<i>Lower 95%</i> 8407.138137	<i>Upper 95%</i> 19449.10162	▲ Total Annual Cost —— Linear (Total Annual Cost)	5000

4SLB Oxidation	Catalyst Cost (\$2	009)													
		Direct	Costs	Indirec	t Costs		D	irect Annual Cos	ts		Indirect A	nnual Costs			
									Total Direct	Administrative			Total Indirect		
Engine Size	Equipment					Total Capital			Annual Cost	Charges	Fuel Penalty	Capital	Annual Cost	Total Annual	
(HP)	Cost	PEC	DIC	IIC	с	Cost	O&M Materials	O&M Labor	(TDAC)	(ADMC)	(FPC)	Recovery (CRC)	(TIAC)	Cost	Data Source
500	\$6,361	\$7,505	\$2,252	\$2,102	\$225	\$12,084	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$1,720	\$1,945	\$4,889	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR- 2005-0030-0086). Costs converted from \$2005 to \$2009 using the Marsha and Swift Equipment Cost Index.
1000	\$8,178	\$9,650	\$2,895	\$2,702	\$289	\$15,536	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$2,212	\$2,212	\$5,156	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR- 2005-0030-0086). Costs converted from \$2005 to \$2009 using the Marsha and Swift Equipment Cost Index.
2000	\$13,193	\$15,568	\$4,670	\$4,359	\$467	\$25,064	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$3,569	\$3,569	\$6,513	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR- 2005-0030-0086). Costs converted from \$2005 to \$2009 using the Marsha and Swift Equipment Cost Index.
3000	\$16,769	\$19,787	\$5,936	\$5,540	\$594	\$31,857	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$4,536	\$4,536	\$7,480	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR- 2005-0030-0086). Costs converted from \$2005 to \$2009 using the Marsha and Swift Equipment Cost Index.
5000	\$33,608	\$39,658	\$11,897	\$11,104	\$1,190	\$63,849	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$9,091	\$9,091	\$12,035	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR- 2005-0030-0086). Costs converted from \$2005 to \$2009 using the Marsha and Swift Equipment Cost Index.
8000	\$58,697	\$69,262	\$20,779	\$19,393	\$2,078	\$111,512	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$15,877	\$15,877	\$18,821	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech Corporation to Brenda Riddle, AGTI, RE: Clarification of SCR Cost Information for EPA, July 20, 2005. (EPA-HQ-OAR- 2005-0030-0086). Costs converted from \$2005 to \$2009 using the Marsha and Swift Equipment Cost Index.
1000	\$8,500	\$10,030	\$3,009	\$2,808	\$301	\$16,148	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$2,299	\$2,524	\$5,468	Email from Antonio Santos, MECA to Tanya Parise, EC/R, Subject: EPA Proposed Existing RICE NESHAP - Cost of Aftertreatment, October 2, 2009. Response #2
500	\$3,700	\$4,366	\$1,310	\$1,222	\$131	\$7,029	\$1,891	\$1,053	\$2,944	\$225	\$0	\$1,001	\$1,001	\$3,945	Price quote from Charles Ball, Emissions & Silencer Technology for an oxidation catalyst for a 500 HP 4SLB engine.
400		\$6,575	\$2,961	\$2,005		\$11,541	\$1,958	\$1,143	\$3,101	\$225	\$0	\$1,643	\$1,643	\$4,744	Memorandum from Tom McGrath, IES to Brad Nelson, EC/R, Request for Additional Cost Detail for Gas-Fired Engines Emission Controls
400		\$6,575	\$2,961	\$2,005		\$11,541	\$1,958	\$1,143	\$3,101	\$225	\$0	\$1,643	\$1,643	\$4,744	Memorandum from Tom McGrath, IES to Brad Nelson, EC/R, Request for Additional Cost Detail for Gas-Fired Engines Emission Controls
425		\$7,149	\$3,025	\$2,005		\$12,179	\$1,756	\$875	\$2,631	\$225	\$0	\$1,734	\$1,734	\$4,365	Memorandum from Tom McGrath, IES to Brad Nelson, EC/R, Request for Additional Cost Detail for Gas-Fired Engines Emission Controls
Assumptions:															
	urchased equipr	nent cost (PEC).													
DIC = 30% of pu	rchased equipm	ent cost (PEC).													
	chased equipme														
	ased equipment	. , .													
		ment life of 10 y			0.142377503	L	·		(a)	<u> </u>	L				
			oment cost to rep	place the catalys	t (every 3 years)	, thermocouples	every 7.5 years	), crankcase filte	ers (3 months), a	ina annual catal	yst rotation for	cieaning. [Source	: iechnical Repo	rt: KICE NESHAP	Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", October 2009,
Aua chment L (El	PA-HQ-OAR-2008	-0708-0279)										1			

Attachment L (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)]
O&M Labor cost covers the annualized labor cost to replace and rotate (for cleaning) catalyst, thermocouples, and crankcase filter. [Source: Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment L (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)]

4SLB Oxidation	Catalyst Cost (\$2	009)					
SUMMARY OUTP	UT - Total Capita	al Cost					Total Capital Cost
Regressior	n Statistics						iotal Capital Cost
Multiple R	0.989944875						\$120,000
R Square	0.979990856						
Adjusted R Squa							\$100,000
Standard Error	4727.892942						\$80,000
Observations	11						,300,000
							\$60,000
ANOVA							
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F		\$40,000 y = 12.80x + 3069
Regression	1	9853063606	9853063606	440.7943494	5.91417E-09		\$20,000 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.9800
Residual	9		22352971.68				
Total	10	10054240351					\$0 +
							0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 90
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
ntercept	3069.26319	1884.275356	1.62888252	0.137778178	-1193.263795	7331.790175	<ul> <li>Total Capital Cost</li> <li>Linear (Total Capital Cost)</li> </ul>
Engine Size (HP)	12.80450452	0.609880529	20.99510299	5.91417E-09	11.42485892	14.18415013	
SUMMARY OUTP	PUT - Total Annua	al Cost					Total Annual Cost
Regressior	n Statistics						iotal Allindal Cost
Multiple R	0.988903698						\$20,000
R Square	0.977930524						\$18,000
Adjusted R Squa							\$16,000
Standard Error	703.9457563						\$14,000
Observations	11						\$12,000
							\$10,000
ANOVA							\$8,000 y = 1.8134x + 3441.5
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F		\$6,000 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.9779
Regression	1		197622721.6	398.8030634	9.20031E-09		\$4,000
Residual	9	4459856.651	495539.6279				\$2,000
Fotal	10	202082578.3					\$0
							0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 90
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
ntercept	3441.504829	280.553654	12.26683303	6.38308E-07	2806.848372	4076.161285	Total Annual Cost —— Linear (Total Annual Cost)
X Variable 1	1.81340819	0.090806373	19.97005417	9.20031E-09	1.607989903	2.018826477	

			Direct	Costs	Indirec	t Costs		D	irect Annual Cos			Indirect A	nnual Costs			
gine Size	Equipment						Total Capital			Total Direct Annual Cost	Administrative Charges	Fuel Penalty	Capital	Total Indirect Annual Cost	Total Annual	
(HP)	Cost	AFRC Cost	PEC	DIC	IIC	C	Cost	O&M Materials	O&M Labor	(TDAC)	(ADMC)	(FPC)	Recovery (CRC)	(TIAC)	Cost	Data Source Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Octo
50			\$8,935				\$11,945	\$664	\$1,275	\$1,939	\$225	\$379	\$1,701	\$2,305	\$4,244	2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)
100			\$10,099				\$13,363	\$664	\$1,275	\$1,939	\$225	\$379	\$1,903	\$2,507	\$4,446	Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Octo 2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)
100			\$10.827				\$15.139	\$1.071	\$1.320	\$2.391	Ś225	Ś695	\$2.155	\$3.075	\$5.466	Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Oct 2009. Attachment D (EPA-HO-OAR-2008-0708-0279)
175			\$12.284				\$17,132	\$1,071	\$1,320	\$2,391	\$225	\$695	\$2,439	\$3,359		Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Oct 2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)
																Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Oct
175			\$10,667				\$16,165	\$1,706	\$1,360	\$3,066	\$225	\$1,200		\$3,727		2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279) Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Oct
300			\$16,119				\$22,117	\$1,706	\$1,360	\$3,066	\$225	\$1,200	\$3,149	\$4,574	\$7,640	2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279) Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Oct
300			\$11,777				\$17,240	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$2,455	\$4,701	\$8,465	2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279) Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", Oct
500			\$16,689				\$24,502	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$3,489	\$5,735	\$9,499	2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279) Email from Nick Huff, Miratech to Jennifer Synder, AGTI, SCR Questions for RICE MACT, Octob
167	\$2,588	\$7,017	\$11,334	\$3,400	\$3,173	\$340	\$18,247	\$1,071	\$1,320	\$2,391	\$225	\$695	\$2,598	\$3,518	\$5,909	Lemain from Nick Hurf, Miratech to Jenniter Synder, AG II, SCR Questions for Nick MACI, Octob 2003 (EPA-HQ-QAR-2005-0029-0038). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a Caterpillar G3306 adjusted 1 \$2003 to \$2009.
255	\$6,091	\$7,017	\$15,467	\$4,640	\$4,331	\$464	\$24,902	\$1,706	\$1,360	\$3,066	\$225	\$1,200	\$3,545	\$4,970	\$8.036	Email from Nick Huff, Miratech to Jennifer Synder, AGTI, SCR Questions for RICE MACT, Octob 2003 (EPA-HQ-OAR-2005-0029-0038). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a Caterpillar G3408 adjusted S2003 to S2009.
233	\$0,091	\$7,017	\$13,407	\$4,040	\$4,551	3404	\$24,502	\$1,700	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$225	\$1,200	د+د,دډ	\$4,970	38,030	Email from Nick Huff, Miratech to Jennifer Synder, AGTI, SCR Questions for RICE MACT, Octol 2003 (EPA-HQ-OAR-2005-0029-0038). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a Caterpillar G3408 adjusted
300	\$6,039	\$7,017	\$15,405	\$4,622	\$4,314	\$462	\$24,803	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$3,531	\$5,777	\$9,541	\$2003 to \$2009. Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech to Brad Nelson, AGTI, Information Request, July 21, 200
300	\$6,113	\$7,500	\$16,063	\$4,819	\$4,498	\$482	\$25,862	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$3,682	\$5,928	\$9,692	OAR-2005-0030-0087). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a generic 300 HP rich-burn engine adjusted \$2005 to \$2009.
500	\$7.800	\$7,500	\$18,054	\$5,416	\$5.055	Ś542	\$29,067	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$4.139	\$6.385	\$10.149	Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech to Brad Nelson, AGTI, Information Request, July 21, 200 OAR-2005-0030-0087). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a generic 500 HP rich-burn engine adjusted S2005 to S2009.
																Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech to Brad Nelson, AGTI, Information Request, July 21, 200 OAR-2005-0030-0087). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a generic 500 HP rich-burn engine adjusted
800	\$9,924	\$7,500	\$20,561	\$6,168	\$5,757	\$617	\$33,103	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$4,713	\$6,959	\$10,723	\$2005 to \$2009. Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech to Brad Nelson, AGTI, Information Request, July 21, 200 OAR-2005-0030-0087). Cost for NSCR/AFRC on a generic 500 HP rich-burn engine adjusted
1500	\$15,778	\$7,500	\$27,468	\$8,240	\$7,691	\$824	\$44,223	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$6,296	\$8,542	\$12,306	<ul> <li>S2005 to \$2009.</li> <li>Email from Mike Leonard, Miratech to Brad Nelson, AGTI, Information Request, July 21, 200</li> </ul>
3000	\$39,686	\$7,500	\$55,679	\$16,704	\$15,590	\$1,670	\$89,644	\$2,384	\$1,380	\$3,764	\$225	\$2,021	\$12,763	\$15,009	\$18,773	Construction of the second
48	\$3,735	\$2,950	\$7,762	\$4,080			\$11,842	\$480	\$540	\$1,020	\$225	\$0	\$1,686	\$1,911	\$2,931	Four Corners Air Quality Task Force Report of Mitigation Options, November 1, 2007. Mitig Option: Use of NSCR/3-Way Catalysts and Air/Fuel Ratio Controllers on Rich Burn Stoichior Engines (EPA-HQ-ORA-2008-0708-0009). TCC includes cost of catalyst housing (52, 385), ca element (\$1,000), AFRC (\$2,950), installation of catalyst housing and support (\$1,380), ins and setup of AFRC (\$2,160), solar panel electricity for AFRC control (\$350), installation of electricity to AFRC (\$240), and taxes/freight (\$1,077). TOAC includes annual cost for quarte of 02 sensor and emissions monitoring (\$320), labor and travel to site (\$540), and annual catalyst replacement 5 year life (\$160). Cost quoted for a Compressco Ford 460.
																Four Corners Air Quality Task Force Report of Mitigation Options, November 1, 2007. Mitigg Option: Use of NSCR/3-Way Catalysts and Air/Fuel Ratio Controllers on Rich Burn Stoichion Engines (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0009). TCC includes cost of catalyst housing (15,1775), cat element (1800), AFRC (52,250), installation of catalyst housing and support (51,380), instal setup of AFRC (52,160), solar panel electricity for AFRC control (5350), installation of solar electricity to AFRC (52,4540), and taxes/freight (51,077). TDAC Includes annual cost for quarte of O2 sensor and emissions monitoring (5320), labor and travel to site (5540), and annuali
23	\$2,925	\$2,950	\$6,952	\$4,080			\$11,032	\$480	\$540	\$1,020	\$225	\$0	\$1,571	\$1,796	\$2,816	catalyst replacement 5 year life (\$160). Cost quoted for a Waukesha 220/330.
otions:																
	rchased equipm															
	chased equipme hased equipmer															
of purcha	sed equipment o	cost (PEC).														
	st = (\$5 x Hp) +															
		rect annual cost + ment life of 10 v		oital cost + capita	al recovery.											

0&M Labor cost covers the annualized labor cost to replace and rotate (for cleaning) catalyst, thermocouples, and crankcase filter. [Source: Technical Report: RICE NESHAP Control Costs Background for "Above the Floor Analysis", October 2009, Attachment D (EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0708-0279)]

4SRB NSCR Cost	s (\$2009)						
SUMMARY OUT	PUT - Total Capita	ii Cost					Total Capital Cost
Regression	n Statistics						iotal Capital Cost
Multiple R	0.984731321						\$100,000
R Square	0.969695774						\$90,000
Adjusted R Squa	0.96780176						\$80,000
Standard Error	3273.282484						\$70,000
Observations	18						\$60,000
							\$50,000
ANOVA							\$40,000
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F		\$40,000 \$30,000 \$30,000 \$2 = 0.9697
Regression	1	5485538418	5485538418	511.9791654	1.41597E-13		\$20,000
Residual	16	171430051.5	10714378.22				\$10,000
Total	17	5656968469					\$0 +
							0 500 1000 1500 2000 2500 3000 3
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	0 500 1000 1500 2000 2500 5000 5
Intercept	13117.61245	933.7363075	14.0485192	2.03296E-10	11138.17991	15097.04498	<ul> <li>Total Capital Cost —— Linear (Total Capital Cost)</li> </ul>
Engine Size (HP) 2	24.92848169	1.101716069	22.62695661	1.41597E-13	22.59294798	27.26401541	
SUMMARY OUTF	PUT - Total Annua	I Cost					
							Total Annual Cost
Regression	n Statistics						
Multiple R	0.893674092						\$25,000
R Square	0.798653382						
Adjusted R Squa	0.786069219						\$20,000
Standard Error	1777.457825						
Observations	18						\$15,000
ANOVA							\$10,000
2	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F		y = 4.766x + 5679.1 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.7987
Regression	1	200508408.1	200508408.1	63.46495544	5.85557E-07		\$5,000
Residual	16	50549701.12	3159356.32				
Total	17	251058109.2					\$0
							0 500 1000 1500 2000 2500 3000 3
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
Intercept	5679.133777	507.0374813	11.20061926	5.54849E-09	4604.262341	6754.005214	🔺 Total Annual Cost 🛛 🗕 🗕 Linear (Total Annual Cost)
X Variable 1	4.765983033	0.59825385	7.96648953	5.85557E-07	3.497741535	6.034224532	